To install OrCAD PSpice Release 9.2 Lite Edition
1. Insert Cadence CD into CD-ROM drive
2. Select Products to install
   ✓ Capture – Schematic entry application – it must be installed
   ✓ Capture CIS – Should be grayed out.
   ✓ PSpice – For conducting mixed-signal analog and digital simulations
   Layout – For creating PC Board layouts from schematics
   For performing analyses on basic circuits and electronics problems, only Capture and PSpice A/D need to be installed.
3. Select the directory to install the software, the default is recommended.
4. Select the Start Menu folder from which the program is accessed, the default is recommended.

The steps to simulation
1. Create a simulation project
2. Draw schematic to simulate
3. Establish a simulation profile
4. Set up simulation type
5. Simulate circuit
6. Analyze results in Probe

To start a simulation session
1. On the start menu select ORCAD FAMILY RELEASE 9.2 LITE EDITION ➔ CAPTURE LITE EDITION
2. Once the capture window appears, select FILE ➔ NEW ➔ PROJECT

The following window appears:

3. Give the project a descriptive name (spaces can be included).
4. Select ANALOG OR MIXED-SIGNAL CIRCUIT WIZARD.
5. Specify a location where the project is to be stored
   a) Click Browse and to change the location the files will be stored
   b) Since PSpice creates several files for each simulation, it is recommended that you create a directory for each simulation
   c) For lab computers use a floppy diskette, a ZIP disk or a network location.
6. Click OK.
The following window appears:

![Create PSpice Project window](image)

7. Select **CREATE A BLANK PROJECT** and click **OK**.

The following window appears:

![Project and Schematic windows](image)

The window on the left is the project menu and the window on the right is the schematic menu. The toolbars and menus will change depending on which window is selected.

You are now ready to begin creating a simulation.
To create a schematic for simulation.

1. Click on Schematic Window
   if closed go to DESIGN RESOURCES \ .dsn \ SCHEMATIC \ PAGE 1 in the file window and double click
2. To place parts, click PLACE \ PART (Shift+P)
   The following window appears:
   NOTE: If you do not see all of the libraries listed, click ADD LIBRARY and go to:
   C:\Program Files\OrcadLite\Capture\Library\Pspice
   Select (shift-click) all of the libraries (.obl files).and click OPEN.

3. Select the part you wish to place in the schematic.
4. Use Shift+R to rotate and right click to flip.
5. Insert as many as needed.
6. Right Click and select END MODE to stop inserting parts.
7. To wire parts together, click PLACE \ WIRE (Shift+W)
   • Place cursor over boxes at ends of parts and draw wires connecting parts.
   • When done, right click and select END WIRE.
8. To insert a ground node, click PLACE \ GROUND.
   • The PLACE PART window appears with only ground nodes available for selection.
   • The SOURCE library MUST be listed in the LIBRARIES window. If it is not, follow the steps outlined in
   Step 2 above for adding libraries.
   • Always select 0/SOURCE for the ground node of an analog circuit – every analog circuit must contain at
   least one 0 ground. This is not a requirement for digital circuits.
9. To change component values that are displayed
   • Double click the displayed value
   • Change the desired value in the dialog box that appears.
10. To change component values that are not displayed
    • Select the part (a box is drawn around the entire part when it is selected)
    • Right click and select EDIT PROPERTIES …
    A database screen appears.
    • Scroll right until the desired value is seen on the top line.
    • Click the property (second line) you wish to change.
    • Type in the new value.
    • Close window.
To set up a simulation profile

1. Select PSpice → NEW SIMULATION PROFILE
2. Give a descriptive name to the type of simulation (e.g. Bias, DC sweep, varying C1, transient, etc…).
3. Click CREATE and the following menu will appear:

![Simulation Setup Menu](image.png)

4. Select the ANALYSIS TYPE from the pull down menu.
5. Set the pertinent parameters.
6. Click OK.

Bias point analysis (DC analysis – no sweep)

1. Set up a simulation profile, name it BIAS (or something you will associate with a bias point analysis).
2. Under ANALYSIS Tab, Select an ANALYSIS TYPE of BIAS.
3. Click OK.
4. To simulate, click PSpice → RUN.
5. The Probe Window will come up (but no plots will be drawn).
6. Switch (Alt-Tab) back to the schematic page.
7. The node voltages should be displayed in brown, currents into devices should be listed in red, and power dissipated by devices should be in blue:

![Schematic Diagram](image.png)

8. You can turn the displays of voltage, current and power on and off under PSpice → Bias Points or on the toolbar shown below:

   ![Bias Points Toolbar](image.png)

9. You can turn individual current ,voltage, and power displays on or off by selecting either the part or a wire in the node for which the information is displayed and toggling the switches next to the V, I and W buttons in the toolbar.
DC Sweep
1. Create a new simulation profile called “dc sweep” (or whatever you want).
2. Under ANALYSIS Tab, select an ANALYSIS TYPE of DC SWEEP.
3. Be sure PRIMARY SWEEP is checked.
4. Enter the source to be varied in the SWEEP VARIABLE section.
5. Enter the appropriate variables in the SWEEP TYPE Section.
6. Click OK.
7. Determine the variables of interest to be plotted in Probe.
8. Simulate the circuit (See below).

AC Sweep
1. Create a new simulation profile called “ac sweep” (or whatever you want).
2. Under ANALYSIS Tab, select an ANALYSIS TYPE of AC SWEEP/NOISE.
3. Enter the appropriate variables in the AC SWEEP TYPE Section.
4. Click OK.
5. Determine the variables of interest to be plotted in Probe.
6. Simulate the circuit (See below).

Transient Analysis
1. Create a new simulation profile called “transient” (or whatever you want).
2. Under ANALYSIS Tab, select an ANALYSIS TYPE of TIME DOMAIN (TRANSIENT).
3. Enter the stop time (TSTOP) for the simulation in the RUN TO TIME box.
4. Enter the maximum step size in the TRANSIENT OPTIONS section – making this variable ~TSTOP/500 will help ensure that the traces in Probe are relatively smooth.
5. Click OK.
6. Determine the variables of interest to be plotted in Probe.
7. Simulate the circuit (See below).

Parametric Analysis (Must be used in conjunction with another analysis type)
1. For the variable you wish to sweep, where the normal value is typed in, place a variable name in curly brackets as shown below, (e.g. {Rval}, {Vs}, {C2}…). Hint: you can place any mathematical expression in curly brackets {Itest**2/(2*Tau), sqrt{Vmax}…}.

   ![Diagram](image)

2. Click on PLACE ➔ PART and select the part PARAM.
3. Place the PARAM part somewhere on the schematic (it does not connect to anything).
4. Right Click (or double click) on the PARAM part.
5. A database screen will appear for the PARAM part.
6. Click the NEW COLUMN... Button. The dialog box shown below will appear:
7. Type the name of the variable specified in Step 1 (No curly Braces).
8. Supply a default value (this is the value PSpice uses to compute the bias point before any sweep is done).
9. Click OK. The variable will appear in the database screen.
10. With the variable still highlighted, click the DISPLAY… button.
11. Under the DISPLAY FORMAT section check NAME AND VALUE.
12. Click OK and close the property editor window. The schematic should look something like this now:

![Schematic Diagram]

13. Set up a primary simulation profile (transient, dc sweep, or ac sweep).
14. In the OPTIONS section, check the PARAMETRIC SWEEP box.
15. In the SWEEP VARIABLE section, check the GLOBAL PARAMETER box.
16. Enter the variable name in the PARAMETER NAME box.
17. Select an appropriate sweep type.
18. Click OK.
19. Simulate the circuit (See below).
20. Probe will open and perform the primary analysis for each value specified.
21. Each simulation run is displayed – you may select which ones you wish to plot in Probe.
22. Click OK.
23. Probe will open with the marked variables plotted for each value of the global variable.

**To Simulate Circuit**

1. Place voltage, current, and power markers from the PSpice MARKERS menu where needed as shown below:
   - Voltage Markers can be placed on any wire and they will give the voltage at that node.
   - Current Markers must be placed at one of the terminals of a device and they will give the current entering that pin.
   - Power markers must be placed directly on the part and they will give the power dissipated by that device (thus a negative value means the part is supplying power).

![Marker Diagram]

2. Click PSpice ➔ RUN.
3. Probe will be open with the marked values displayed on one graph.
4. To add a new y-axes in Probe select PLOT ➔ ADD Y AXIS
5. To add a new plot window in Probe select PLOT ➔ ADD PLOT TO WINDOW
6. To move a trace to the new axis/window:
   - Click on the trace name to be moved (it should turn red when selected) and select EDIT ➔ CUT
   - Click on the axis/window to move the trace to (it should have a >> at the bottom when selected) and select EDIT ➔ PASTE
7. To add a new trace select TRACE ➔ ADD NEW TRACE and select the variable to plot. Algebraic expressions can also be entered here using the operators in the right hand side of the add trace window.
To Simulate a Simple Combinatorial Digital Circuit

Note: There are several ways to accomplish these tasks. In addition to the DigClock method described below, you can use the Stimn part or the Dgstm part. Consult the PDF files on the CD ROM for more details. (The rel92pdf.pdf file is the main index – descriptions of these parts are in the PSpice User's Guide.)

1. Start a new project.
2. Place a DigClock part for every input to the combinatorial circuit.
3. Pick an on-time and off-time (make them the same) for the bottom-most digital clock.
4. For each clock, make the on-times and off-times double that of the clock below it.
5. Re-label the clocks (by double clicking on the DSTMn label) from the top down with variable names of your choice.
6. Select the necessary parts from the EVAL library and construct your digital circuit (all of the logic chips are in the 74xxx series).
7. Add a small length of wire to the outputs and use a Place NET ALIAS to label them appropriately.
8. Create a transient analysis. Set the stop time at twice the on-time of the most significant input bit.
9. Simulate the circuit. Probe will open automatically.
10. Switch back to the schematics and place voltage markers on the output pin of every clock in the order you want them to appear in the plot window (usually most significant bit to least significant bit) and then on the outputs.

11. Switch back to the Probe window and the traces should be displayed as shown below.

12. Turning on the cursors will display, to the left of the plot, each variable’s value. In the plot above, the cursor is at 11.3ms, the 4-bit input is 1011, and the output is 0.